

Centre Anti-Poison pour le Québec: (800) 463-5060 Tél. (Qc): (418) 660-8666 / 800-890-8666 Fax. (Qc): (418) 660-8998

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 01 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier			Product Use			
rubber attack test solution pH 4.2 (Camso)				Laboratory use		
Chemical formula				Product code	Molar weight	
-	-			AS-4201		
Chemical name / Commercial	name / Synonymous				•	
-						
			1			
Supplier's name			Address-Street			
Laboratoire MAT			610, Adanac Street			
City			Province			
Québec			Québec	Québec		
Postal code	Internet		Phone number			
G1C 7B7	G1C 7B7 www.labmat.com		418-660-8666 / 800-890-8666			
Emergency phone	Emergency phone CANUTEC: 613-996-6666		CENTRE ANTI-POISON DU QUÉBEC 800-463-5060		0-463-5060	
Date SDS SDS Prepared by		•	E-Mail			
4/16/2021 Laboratoire MA		AT labmat@labmat.com				

SECTION 02 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification WHIMS / GHS Skin corrosion/irritation - Skin irritation category 2					
	,	• /			
	Serious eye dan	nage/eye irritation - Serious eye damage category 1			
Signal Word	DANGER				
Hazards statements (H)	H315 Causes sk	H315 Causes skin irritation.			
	H318 Causes se	rious eye damage.			
Precautionary statements (P)	P264	Wash the areas of the body that have been in contact with the product after handling.			
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.			
	P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.			
	P305 + P351 +	P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.			
	P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.			
	P321	Specific treatment (see section 4 of the SDS and on this label).			
	P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.			
	P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.			
PICTOGRAMS	1				
Other dangers		NFPA (Risk: 0=No risk; 1=Slight; 2=Moderate; 3=Signifiant; 4=Extreme)			
	Health	2			
	Fire	0			
	Reactivity	0			
	Special danger				

SECTION 03 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingrédients (Dénomination chimique / synonymes)	Numéro CAS et tout identificateur unique	Concentration (%)
Acide lactique	50-21-5	1.5
Acide propionique	79-09-4	0.8
Acide butyrique	107-92-2	0.3
Acide acétique	64-19-7	0.5
Ethanol	64-17-5	1.7
Méthanol	67-56-1	0.3
Hydroxyde de sodium (pour ajustement de pH)	1310-73-2	0.1

SECTION 04 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye contact	Wash eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart to rinse eyes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove soiled clothing. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	Move the unwell person to the fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Consult a physician.
Ingestion	If the person is conscious, give water to drink. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.
Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)	Main symptoms of high exposure: Eye damage. Skin irritation. To our knowledge, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. Ref. section 11.
Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary	In case of medical consultation, keep this sheet available.
General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

SECTION 05 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability	No
Ignition conditions	No longer considered combustible at this concentration.
Suitable extinguishing media	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Data not available.
Hazardous combustion products	Hazardous combustion products formed under fire conditions: Carbon oxides Sodium oxides. To our knowledge, the products of combustion and decomposition have not been fully studied.
Special fire and explosion hazards	May react violently with incompatible products (Ref Section 10).
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Discard incompatible substances if this can be done without risk. Firefighters should be equipped with standard protective equipment, fireproof clothing, face mask, gloves, protective boots and, where appropriate, self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 06 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Methods and materials for	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Absorb the product with sand or vermiculite. Dilute residues with water,
containment and cleaning up /	clean and rinse. Ensure a good ventilation of the premises. Dispose of residues in a container for disposal
Personnal precautions, protective	of hazardous materials. When handling, wear suitable safety equipment. Use breathing apparatus if
equipment	necessary. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Do not let product enter drains.

SECTION 07 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed and store away from heat, moisture, and incompatible products. Protect from the sun's rays. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.
Always open containers slowly to allow any excess pressure to vent. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. This product has a very strong odor. Ensure good ventilation. Use a hood preferably. Wear personal protective equipment when handling. Always ensure good ventilation. Transport according to TDG (ref Section 14)

SECTION 08 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis		
Ethanol	64-17-5	TWAEV	1000 ppm 1900 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs		
		TWA	1000 ppm 1880mg/m3	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)		
		VEMP	1000 ppm 1880mg/m3	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants		
		STEL	1000 ppm	Canada. British Columbia OEL		
		TWA	1000 ppm	Canada. British Columbia OEL		
Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis		
Methanol	67-56-1	TWA	200.000000 ppm 262.000000 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)		
Remarks	Substance i	may be read	lily absorbed throu	gh intact skin		
	STEL	·				
	328.000000 mg/m3 Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)					
	Substance i	Substance may be readily absorbed through intact skin				
		TWA	200.000000 ppm	Canada. British Columbia OEL		
	Contributes	significantly	to the overall exp	osure by the skin route.		
		STEL	250.000000 ppm	Canada. British Columbia OEL		
	Contributes	significantly	to the overall exp	osure by the skin route.		
		TWAEV	200.000000 ppm 262.000000 mg/m3	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants		
	Skin (percu	taneous)	,	·		
	, (p. 5100	STEV	250.000000 ppm 328.000000 mg/m3	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants		
	Skin (percu	taneous)	. V/	·		
	(ps. 60	TWA	200.000000 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)		
		STEL	250.000000 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)		

Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
Lactic acid	50-21-5	No data available	TLV, TWA, STEL	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
		No data available	TLV, TWA, STEL	Canada. British Columbia OEL
		No data available	TLV, TWA, STEL	Québec. Regulation respecting

	•	-	
			occupational
			health and
			safety,
			Schedule 1,
			Part 1:
			Permissible
			exposure
			values for
			airborne
			contaminants

Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
Acetic acid	64-19-7	TWA	10.000000 ppm 25.000000 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta, Occupationa Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
		STEL	15.000000 ppm 37.000000 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta, Occupationa Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
		TWA	10.000000 ppm	Canada. British Columbia OEL
		STEL	15.000000 ppm	Canada. British Columbia OEL
		TWAEV	10.000000 ppm 25.000000 mg/m3	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
		STEV	15.000000 ppm 37.000000 mg/m3	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
		TWA	10 ppm 25 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta, Occupationa Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
		STEL	15 ppm 37 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta, Occupationa Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
		TWA	10 ppm	Canada.

				British Columbia
		STEL	15 ppm	OEL Canada. British Columbia OEL
		TWAEV	10 ppm 25 mg/m3	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
		STEV	15 ppm 37 mg/m3	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
		TWA	10.000000 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		STEL	15.000000 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		TWA	10 ррт	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		STEL	15 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Components	CAS-No.	Control	Value	Basis
BUTYRIC ACID	107-92-6	TLV, TWA, STEL	No data available	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
		TLV, TWA, STEL	No data available	Canada. British Columbia OEL
		TLV, TWA, STEL	No data available	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants

Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
Propionic acid	79-09-4	TWA	10.000000 ppm	Canada. British Columbia OEL
		TWAEV	10.000000 ppm 30.000000 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs
		TWA	10.000000 ppm 30.000000 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta, Occupationa Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
Remarks	Occupational exposunusual work schedu	ure limit is based on irritation ef les is not required	fects and its adjustment to compensate	e for
		TWAEV	10.000000 ppm 30.000000 mg/m3	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
		TWAEV	10 ppm 30 mg/m3	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
		TWA	10 ppm 30 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta, Occupationa Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
	Occupational expos	ure limit is based on irritation ef eles is not required	fects and its adjustment to compensate	e for
		TWA	10 ррм	Canada. British Columbia OEL
		TWA	10 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		TWA	10.000000 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

Data source	Sigma-Aldrich (Millipore Sigma)
Ventilation	Fan.
Respiratory	If the permissible levels are exceeded, use a mechanical filter / cartridge against NIOSH vapors or a respirator with air supply.
Gloves	Handle with gloves.
Eyes	Safety goggles with safety shutters.
Shoes	Safety shoes.
Clothing	Labcoat. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.
Engineering control	Have safety showers and eyewash stations in the workplace in case of an emergency and a ventilation

SECTION 09 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	Liquid.
Appearance	Liquide incolore.
Odour	Odeur de pieds et vomi (due à l'acide butyrique).
Odour threshold	Data not available
рН	4.2.
Melting point / Freezing point	Data not available
Initial boiling point	Data not available
Boiling range	Data not available
Flash point	Data not available
Evaporation rate	Data not available
Flammability	No
Lower flammable / Explosive limit	Data not available
Upper flammable / Explosive limit	Data not available
Vapour pressure	Data not available
Solubility	Miscible avec l'eau et l'alcool.
Vapour density	Data not available
Relative density	0.999 g/ml (théorique).
Partition coefficient water/n-octanol	Data not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Data not available
Decomposition temperature	Data not available
Viscosity	Data not available

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Acid product, reacts strongly with strong bases. May react violently with incompatible substances.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Conditions of instability (Including sensitivity to shock / static discharge / vibration)	Avoid contact with incompatible materials and extreme temperatures.
Incompatible material	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated. When pure, the products react with the following products: Acids, Oxidants, Acid Chlorides, Acid Anhydrides, Alkali Metals, Reducing Agents. Strong oxidizing agents (nitric acid, perchloric acid, peroxides, chlorates and perchlorates), strong reducing agents (potassium, sodium, metal hydrides), alkalis, amines, ammonia, strong bases, halogenated compounds and heat.
Hazardous decomposition products	Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. Carbon oxides Sodium oxides. To our knowledge, the products of decomposition have not been fully studied.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

LACTIC ACID

Routes of exposure	Ingestion, inhalation, skin and eyes.
Acute exposition effects / symptoms:	By exposure route below.
- Eyes	Causes eye irritation. May cause permanent eye damage.
- Skin	May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. Provoke a skin irritation.
- Inhalation	May be harmful if inhaled. Causes irritation of the respiratory system. May cause irritation of the mouth, throat and nasal passages.
Acute toxicity (Ingestion)	May be harmful if swallowed. May cause metabolic changes.
Chronic exposure effects / symptoms	To our knowledge, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.
DL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LD50 Oral - Rat - 3543 mg/kg LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 2000 mg/kg.
CL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 4h - 7.94 mg/L

ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL

Routes of exposure	Ingestion, inhalation, skin and eyes.
Acute exposition effects / symptoms:	By exposure route below.
- Eyes	Severe burns and destruction of ocular tissue that can lead to corneal ulceration and blindness.
- Skin	Severe burns and tissue ulcerations. May be fatal, if the extent of the burns is considerable.
- Inhalation	Spasms, irritation and inflammation of the nose, throat and lungs. Edema of the larynx and bronchi. Chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema that can lead to death.
Acute toxicity (Ingestion)	Corrosion and ulceration of the mouth, throat, esophagus, stomach and abdominal wall. Dysphagia, kidney damage, bloody diarrhea and vomiting, diaphoresis, intense thirst, shock, circulatory collapse, unconsciousness, coma and can lead to death.
Chronic exposure effects / symptoms	Burning sensation, conjunctivitis, hyperkeratosis, nervous disorders, chest pain, dental erosion, cough, dyspnea, laryngitis, headache, dizziness, diarrhea, asthenia, irritability, weight loss and loss of appetite, nausea and vomiting.
DL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LD50 Oral - Rat - 3,530 mg/kg. LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 1060 mg/kg
CL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LC50 Inhalation - Rat -4h - 11.4 mg/L (4400 ppm - 4 h) LC50 Inhalation - Mouse- 1hre - 5620 ppm

PROPIONIC ACID

Routes of exposure	Ingestion and inhalation.
Acute exposition effects / symptoms:	By exposure route below.
- Eyes	Severe irritation and burning may cause permanent eye damage.
- Skin	Severe irritation and tissue burn.
- Inhalation	Spasms, irritation and inflammation of the nose, throat and lungs. Edema of the larynx and bronchi. Chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema that can lead to death. NOTE: Bronchospasm and cough may persist long after exposure.
Acute toxicity (Ingestion)	Irritation and burning of the mouth, throat, esophagus and abdominal wall. Dysphagia, abdominal pain, cramps, diarrhea, melena, headache, vertigo, sweating, salivation, convulsions, nausea and vomiting.
Chronic exposure effects / symptoms	Burning sensation, conjunctivitis, nervous disorders, chest pain, cough, dyspnea, laryngitis, headache, dizziness, confusion, irritability, sweating, salivation, tremors, fatigue, weight loss and loss of appetite, convulsions, nausea and vomiting.
DL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LD50 Oral - Rat - 3500mg/kg. LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 500 mg/Kg
CL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 4h - 20mg/L.

BUTYRIC ACID

Routes of exposure	Ingestion, inhalation, skin and eyes.
Acute exposition effects / symptoms:	By exposure route below.
- Eyes	Product is extremely destructive to mucosal, upper respiratory, eye and skin tissues
- Skin	Product is extremely destructive to mucosal, upper respiratory, eye and skin tissues
- Inhalation	The product is extremely destructive to the tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough, Respiratory failure, Migraine, Nausea.
Acute toxicity (Ingestion)	Product is extremely destructive to mucosal, upper respiratory, eye and skin tissues
Chronic exposure effects / symptoms	Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.
DL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LD50 Oral - Rat - 1632 mg/kg LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 6096 mg/kg
CL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LC50 - Inhalation - Data not available.

ETHANOL (ABSOLU)

Routes of exposure	Ingestion.
Acute exposition effects / symptoms:	By exposure route below.
- Eyes	Irritation and tearing.
- Skin	May cause skin irritation.
- Inhalation	May cause respiratory tract irritation.
Acute toxicity (Ingestion)	Euphoria, a feeling of intoxication, followed by central nervous system depression, which may include headache, nausea, dizziness, incoordination, speech disturbance, mental confusion and of narcosis.
Chronic exposure effects / symptoms	Cirrhosis of the liver and various diseases affecting the gastrointestinal, cardiovascular, nervous, hematological and respiratory systems.
DL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LD50 Oral - Rat - 7000 mg/kg LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - > 2,000 mg / kg
CL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 4h - 116 mg/L. LC50 Inhalation - Mouse - 1h - 60000 ppm.

METHANOL

Routes of exposure	Ingestion, inhalation, skin and eyes.
Acute exposition effects / symptoms:	By exposure route below.
- Eyes	May cause eye irritation.
- Skin	Irritation and dermatitis.
- Inhalation	Irritation of the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Narcotic effects, chest pain, cough, dyspnea, headache, dizziness, watery eyes, paresthesia, nystagmus, drowsiness, confusion, nausea and vomiting.
Acute toxicity (Ingestion)	Irritation of the mucous membranes. Narcotic effects, liver, kidney and eye damage, abdominal pain, cramps, diarrhea, headache, dizziness, paresthesia, nystagmus, drowsiness, incoordination, acidosis, nausea and vomiting, seizures, hypotension, respiratory collapse, loss of consciousness, coma and can lead to death. Acute absorption of methanol can cause blindness. Damage to: liver, kidneys, eyes, heart, central nervous system.
Chronic exposure effects / symptoms	Headache, dizziness, nausea, visual disturbances, decreased visual acuity, liver and kidney damage.
DL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LD50 Oral - Rat - 1187 mg/kg LD50 Dermal - Lapin-15840 mg/kg
CL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LC50 Inhalation - Rat: 64000 ppm/4 h. LC50 Inhalation - Rat 115.9-130.7mg/L air / 4h.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Routes of exposure	Ingestion, inhalation, skin and eyes.
Acute exposition effects / symptoms:	By exposure route below.
- Eyes	Severe burns and destruction of ocular tissue that can lead to corneal ulceration and blindness.
- Skin	May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin burns.
- Inhalation	May be harmful if inhaled. Material is extremely destructive to the tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.
Acute toxicity (Ingestion)	Corrosion of the digestive tract, bloody vomiting with mucous membrane fragments, diarrhea, inflammation of the larynx and possibility of oesophageal and gastric perforation, death.
Chronic exposure effects / symptoms	Burning sensation, dermatitis, conjunctivitis, lung and eye damage, nerve disorders, chest pain, cough, dyspnea, laryngitis, headache, dizziness, confusion, irritability, sweating, salivation, tearing, fatigue, alopecia, loss weight loss and loss of appetite, seizures, nausea and vomiting.
DL50 (specify species and route of entry)	Oral rat: 140mg/kg Dermal rabbit: 1350mg/kg
CL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LC50 - Inhalation - Data not available.

SUMMARY

Acute exposure effects / Symptoms:	By exposure routes below.
Ingestion	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated
Inhalation	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated
Skin	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated
Eyes	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated
Chronic exposure effects / Symptoms:	To our knowledge, the product has not been fully evaluated
ETA Mix (Estimated Acute Toxicity)	LD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg - Rat LD50 Dermal: > 5000 mg/kg- Undefined species LC50 Inhalation: 271 mg/L - 4h - Undefined species

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Available ecological information	No

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

•	Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulations / or contact a specialist waste disposal company.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number	N/R
UN Proper shipping name	
Transport hazard class(es)	
Packing group	
Limited quantity index	
ERAP Index	
Special precautions	

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHIMS CANADA	Skin corrosion/irritation - Skin irritation category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Serious eye damage category 1

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Laboratoire MAT Inc. shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

Last Update: 4/16/2021