

Centre Anti-Poison pour le Québec: (800) 463-5060 Tél. (Qc): (418) 660-8666 / 800-890-8666 Fax. (Qc): (418) 660-8998

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 01 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier			Product Use		
BENZENE			Laboratory use		
Chemical formula				Product code	Molar weight
С6Н6				BR-0110	78,11
Chemical name / Commercial name / Synonymous ANNULENE, BENZENE, BENZIN, BENZOL, BENZOLENE, CARBON O PYROBENZOLE			OIL, COAL NAPHT	HA, CYCLOHEXATRIENE, PHENYL HYD	RIDE,
Supplier's name			Address-Street		
Laboratoire MAT		610, Adanac Street			
City		Province			
Québec		Québec			
Postal code	Internet		Phone number		
G1C 7B7	www.labmat.com		418-660-8666 / 800-890-8666		
Emergency phone	CANUTEC: 613-996-6666		CENTRE ANTI-POISON DU QUÉBEC 800-463-5060		
Date SDS SDS Prepared b		SDS Prepared by	E-Mail		
10/5/2020 Laboratoire MA		Т	labmat@labmat.com		

SECTION 02 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification WHIMS / GHS	FI 11 16 11	
	Flammable liquids	
	Skin corrosion/irrit	ation - Skin irritation category 2
	Serious eye dama	ge/ Eye irritation category 2A
	Germ cell mutager	nicity category 1A
	Carcinogenicity ca	tegory 1A
	Specific Target Or	gan Toxicity - Repeated exposure category 1
	Aspiration hazard	category 1
Canal Ward	DANGER	<u> </u>
Signal Word Hazards statements (H)		nable lieuid and vener
	H315 Causes skin	nable liquid and vapor.
	H319 Causes serie	
	H340 May cause	,
	H350 May cause	-
	-	al if swallowed and enters airways.
	H3/2 Causes dam	age to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements (P)	P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
	P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.
	P233	Keep container tightly closed.
	P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
	P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
	P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
	P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
	P264	Wash the areas of the body that have been in contact with the product after handling.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
		353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
		338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
	P321	Specific treatment (see section 4 of the SDS and on this label).
	P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
	P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use water spray or alcohol-resistant foam, or dry powder or carbor dioxide for extinction.
	P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	P405	Store locked up.
	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulations or contact a specialist waste disposal company.
	P260	Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.
	P270	Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
	P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
	P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
PICTOGRAMS	!	
Other dangers		FPA (Risk: 0=No risk; 1=Slight; 2=Moderate; 3=Signifiant; 4=Extreme)
	Health 2	
	Fire 4	
		Baga



SECTION 03 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingrédients (Dénomination chimique / synonymes)	Numéro CAS et tout identificateur unique	Concentration (%)
Benzène	71-43-2	<=100

SECTION 04 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye contact	Wash eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart to rinse eyes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove soiled clothing. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	Move the unwell person to the fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Consult a physician.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. If the person is conscious, rinse the mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.
Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)	Main symptoms of high exposure: Vertigo. Nausea. Headaches. Narcosis. Ref. section 11.
Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary	In case of medical consultation, keep this sheet available.
General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

SECTION 05 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability	Yes
Ignition conditions	Strong oxidizing agents, heat, sparks and open flame. Flammable in the presence of a source of ignition when the temperature is above the flash point. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flame/hot surface. No smoking.
Suitable extinguishing media	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Data not available.
Hazardous combustion products	Hazardous combustion products formed under fire conditions: Carbon oxides.
Special fire and explosion hazards	Steam can travel a great distance and ignite on sources of ignition such as heaters, electrical appliances, cigarettes, sparks, etc. Containers exposed to fire may explode. Vapors may form flammable or explosive mixtures with air. Benzene can form unstable explosive compounds in the presence of nitric acid, silver perchlorate, arsenic pentafluoride, iodine pentafluoride and potassium methoxide. Reacts violently to contact or in combination with perchlorates, permanganates, acetic acid, sulphuric acid, aluminum chloride, silver perchlorate, bromine trifluoride, chlorine, chromium trioxide, nickel (Raney), potassium peroxide and sodium peroxide. May react violently with incompatible products (Ref Section 10).
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Discard incompatible substances if this can be done without risk. Firefighters should be equipped with standard protective equipment, fireproof clothing, face mask, gloves, protective boots and, where appropriate, self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 06 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Avoid the accumulation of charges electrostatic. Absorb the product with sand or vermiculite. Dilute residues with water, clean and rinse.
Personnal precautions, protective	Ensure a good ventilation of the premises. Dispose of residues in a container for disposal of hazardous
	materials. When handling, wear suitable safety equipment. Use breathing apparatus if necessary. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure a good ventilation of the premises. Beware of vapors accumulating
	to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. Do not let product enter drains.

SECTION 07 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store in cool place. Use venting and electrical equipment that is grounded and does not produce ignition sources (sparks). Protect from the sun's rays. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Bottle in the glass preferably. Always open containers slowly to allow any excess pressure to vent. Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist. Use explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Wear personal protective equipment when handling. Always ensure good ventilation. Transport according to TDG (ref Section 14)

SECTION 08 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis		
Benzene	71-43-2	TWA	0.5 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)		
Remarks	Confirmed hu	Leukemia Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section) Confirmed human carcinogen Danger of cutaneous absorption				
		TWA	0.5 ppm	Canada. British Columbia OEL		
	sufficient evid ACGIH 'A1' c evidence fro	dence of care applies to tho m epidemiole	ices categorized c cinogenicity in hum se substances conf ogical studies	firmed as human carcinogens based on the weight of		
		ignificantly to	the overall expo	sure by the skin route.		
	STEL 2.5 ppm					
	Canada. Briti	ich Columbia				
	IARC '1' appl sufficient evid ACGIH 'A1' c evidence fro	lies to substar dence of card applies to tho m epidemiolo	nces categorized c cinogenicity in hum se substances cont ogical studies	as carcinogenic to humans, and used when there is nans. firmed as human carcinogens based on the weight of sure by the skin route.		
		TWA	0.5 ppm 1.6 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)		
		ay be readily	absorbed throug			
		STEL	2.5 ppm 8 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)		
			ogen (means that t absorbed throug	he agent is carcinogenic to humans) h intact skin		
		TWAEV	1 ppm 3 mg/m3	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants		
	A substance t	A substance which may not be recirculated in accordance with section 108 A substance to which exposure must be reduced to a minimum in accordance with section 42 Carcinogenic effect detected in humans				
	STEV					
	5 ppm 15.5 mg/m3 Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants					
	A substance which may not be recirculated in accordance with section 108 A substance to which exposure must be reduced to a minimum in accordance with section 42 Carcinogenic effect detected in humans					
	Carentogenie	STEL	2.5 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)		
	Leukemia Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section) Confirmed human carcinogen Danger of cutaneous absorption					
		TWAEV	0.5 ppm	Canada. Occupational Health and Safety Act - Part 11: Exposure Values for Acrylonitrile, Benzene and Mercury		
	The values listed in this part apply to workplaces to which the designated substance regulation does not apply					
		STEV	2.5 ppm	Canada. Occupational Health and Safety Act - Part 11: Exposure Values for Acrylonitrile, Benzene and Mercury		
	The values lis does not app		rt apply to workp	laces to which the designated substance regulation		
		TWA	0.5 ppm	Canada. Ontario OELs		
	Skin	1	1			
		STEL	2.5 ppm	Canada. Ontario OELs		
	Skin					

Data source	Sigma-Aldrich.	
Ventilation	Fan.	
Respiratory	If work under the hood is not possible, or if the permissible levels are exceeded, use a mechanical filter / cartridge against NIOSH vapors or a respirator with air supply.	
Gloves	Handle with gloves.	
Eyes	Safety goggles with safety shutters.	
Shoes	Safety shoes.	
Clothing	Labcoat. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.	
Engineering control	Have safety showers and eyewash stations in the workplace in case of an emergency and a ventilation system to maintain the level of concentrations in the air below the exposure limit values.	

SECTION 09 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	Liquid.
Appearance	Liquide incolore-
Odour	Odeur aromatique
Odour threshold	0.5-2.0ppm
рН	Donnée non disponible.
Melting point / Freezing point	5.5°C
Initial boiling point	80°C
Boiling range	Data not available
Flash point	-11°C
Evaporation rate	2.8%
Flammability	Yes
Lower flammable / Explosive limit	1.3%
Upper flammable / Explosive limit	8.0%
Vapour pressure	74.6 mmHg @ 20°C.
Vapour density	2.77 (Air=1)-
Relative density	0.88g/cm ³
Solubility	Très peu soluble dans l'eau (0.188%). Miscible avec l'alcool, l'acétone, le chloroforme et l'éther.
Partition coefficient water/n-octanol	log Pow : 2.13 à 25°C-
Auto-ignition temperature	562°C
Decomposition temperature	Data not available
Viscosity	Data not available

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Flammable product, may ignite with source of ignition, if temperature above flash point. May ignite on contact with oxidants.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Stable under normal conditions. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Highly flammable liquid and vapors. May react violently with incompatible substances.
Conditions of instability (Including sensitivity to shock / static discharge / vibration)	Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible material	Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Bases. Halogens. Metallic salts. Acetic acid, sulfuric acid, aluminum chloride, pentafluoride arsenic, bromine trifluoride, chlorine, chromium trioxide, iodine pentafluoride, ozone, potassium methoxide, heat and humidity. Anhydrides of acid.
Hazardous decomposition products	Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. Carbon oxides.

BENZENE

Routes of exposure	Ingestion, inhalation, skin and eyes.
Acute exposition effects / symptoms:	By exposure route below.
- Eyes	Irritation and may cause inflammation of the conjunctiva.
- Skin	Severe irritation and dermatitis.
- Inhalation	Irritation of the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Narcotic effects, chest pain, cough, dyspnea, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, nausea and vomiting, sweating, asthenia, convulsions, respiratory collapse, unconsciousness, coma and can lead to death. Aspiration of small amounts of fluid immediately causes pulmonary edema and hemorrhage of lung tissue.
Acute toxicity (Ingestion)	Harmful if swallowed. Irritation of the mucous membranes. Narcotic effects, gastrointestinal disorders, cramps, diarrhea, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, hallucinations, incoordination, erythema, nausea and vomiting, convulsions and may result in unconsciousness and coma.NOTE: aspiration of the product into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonia. Aspiration hazard if swallowed - may enter the lungs and cause lesions.
Chronic exposure effects / symptoms	Is recognized as a carcinogen (class 1) by IARC. Inhalation of high concentrations of benzene may have an initial stimulating effect on the central nervous system characterized by an ex-exciting effect, nervous arousal and/or dizziness, depression, drowsiness or fatigue. The victim may experience chest tightness, shortness of breath and loss of consciousness, tremors, convulsions and death, caused by respiratory paralysis or circulatory collapse, can ensue within minutes or several hours of serious exposures. The main target organ is the hematopoietic system. Bleeding of the nose, gums or mucous membranes as well as the appearance of purpuric plaques (small blisters), pancytopenia, leukopenia, thrombocytomenia, spinal aplasty and leukemia may occur as the condition progresses. Bone marrow may appear normal, aplastic or hyperplastic and may not depend on peripheral hematopoietic tissues. The onset of the effects of prolonged exposure to benzene can be latent for many months or years after stopping the same exposure., Blood disorders.
DL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LD50 Oral - Rat - > 2 000 mg/kg. LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 8263 mg/kg
CL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 4h - 43.7 mg/L.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 15.00-32.00 mg/L - 96 h CE50 - water flea - 17.2 mg/L - 48 h EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - 100 mg/L - 72 h - growth inhibition.
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability aerobic. Result: 96 % - Readily biodegradable. Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F.
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe) - 3 d. Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 10.
Mobility in soil	Data not available.
Other adverse effects	An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

	Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulations / or contact a specialist waste disposal company.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number	1114
UN Proper shipping name	BENZÈNE
Transport hazard class(es)	3 Flammable liquids
Packing group	II
Limited quantity index	1L
ERAP Index	-
Special precautions	-

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHIMS CANADA Flammable liquids category 2 Skin corrosion/irritation - Skin irritation category 2 Serious eye damage/ Eye irritation category 2A Germ cell mutagenicity category 1A Carcinogenicity category 1A Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated exposure category 1 Aspiration hazard category 1	
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SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Laboratoire MAT Inc. shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

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