

Centre Anti-Poison pour le Québec: (800) 463-5060 Tél. (Qc): (418) 660-8666 / 800-890-8666 Fax. (Qc): (418) 660-8998

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 01 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier			Product Use		
SODIUM CARBONATE (DECAHYDRATE)			Laboratory use		
Chemical formula				Product code	Molar weight
Na2CO3•10H2O				SR-0910 286,0	
Chemical name / Commercial name / Synonymous CARBONATE DE SODIUM DECAHYDRATE; CARBONIC ACID DISODIUM SALT DECAHYDRATE; SODIUM, CARBONATE DE, DECAHYD SODA				BONATE DE, DECAHYDRATE;	
Supplier's name		Address-Street			
Laboratoire MAT			610, Adanac Street		
City		Province			
Québec		Québec			
Postal code	Internet	Internet		Phone number	
G1C 787	7B7 www.labmat.com		418-660-8666 / 800-890-8666		
Emergency phone	CANUTEC: 6	CANUTEC: 613-996-6666		CENTRE ANTI-POISON DU QUÉBEC 800-463-5060	
Date SDS SDS Prepared by		•	E-Mail		
2/23/2023 Laboratoire MA		۹T	labmat@labmat.com		

SECTION 02 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification WHIMS / GHS	Serious eye damage/ Eye irritation category 2A		
Other dangers		NFPA (Risk: 0=No risk; 1=Slight; 2=Moderate; 3=Signifiant; 4=Extreme)	
	Health Fire Reactivity Special dange	1 0 0 er	

SECTION 03 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingrédients (Dénomination chimique / synonymes)	Numéro CAS et tout identificateur unique	Concentration (%)
CARBONATE DE SODIUM DÉCAHYDRATE	6132-02-1	<=100

SECTION 04 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye contact	Wash eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart to rinse eyes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove soiled clothing. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	Move the unwell person to the fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth with water. If the person is conscious, drink water and do not induce vomiting Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.
Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)	Main symptoms of high exposure: Skin, eye and respiratory system irritation. Vomiting. Diarrhea. Abdominal pain. Ref. section 11.
Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary	In case of medical consultation, keep this sheet available.
General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

SECTION 05 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability	No
Ignition conditions	Not flammable or combustible.
Suitable extinguishing media	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Data not available.
Hazardous combustion products	Hazardous combustion products formed under fire conditions: - Carbon oxides, Sodium oxides.
Special fire and explosion hazards	Anhydrous sodium carbonate may react violently with sulfuric acid, atomized aluminum, fluorine, lithium and phosphorus pentoxide. Sodium carbonate can explode if applied to red-heated aluminum. May react violently with incompatible products (Ref Section 10).
	Discard incompatible substances if this can be done without risk. Firefighters should be equipped with standard protective equipment, fireproof clothing, face mask, gloves, protective boots and, where appropriate, self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 06 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Methods and materials for	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Pick
containment and cleaning up /	up with a shovel or broom, taking care not to scatter dust. Avoid dust formation. Clean and rinse with
Personnal precautions, protective	water. Dispose of residues in a container provided for the disposal of hazardous materials. Do not let
equipment	product enter drains.

SECTION 07 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Hygroscopic. Store in a cool, dry place. Keep container tightly closed and store away from heat, moisture, and incompatible products. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Do not store near acids. Air and moisture sensitive.
Always open containers slowly to allow any excess pressure to vent. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust or vapor is formed. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Wear personal protective equipment when handling. Always ensure good ventilation. Transport according to TDG (ref Section 14)

SECTION 08 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Workplace control parameters

Components	CAS- No.		Control parameters	Basis
Sodium carbonate (Decahydrate)	6132- 02-1		TLV, TWA, STEL	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
		No data available	TLV, TWA, STEL	Canada. British Columbia OEL
		No data available		Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants

Ventilation	Proper ventilation or hood.
Respiratory	If the permissible levels are exceeded, use a mechanical filter / cartridge against NIOSH vapors or a respirator with air supply.
Gloves	Handle with gloves.
Eyes	Safety goggles with safety shutters.
Shoes	Safety shoes.
Clothing	Labcoat. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.
Engineering control	Have safety showers and eyewash stations in the workplace in case of an emergency and a ventilation system to maintain the level of concentrations in the air below the exposure limit values.

SECTION 09 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	Solid.
Appearance	Poudre cristalline blanche.
Odour	Inodore.
Odour threshold	Data not available
рН	11-12 à 50g/L.
Melting point / Freezing point	Data not available
Initial boiling point	Data not available
Boiling range	Data not available
Flash point	Data not available
Evaporation rate	Data not available
Flammability	No
Lower flammable / Explosive limit	Data not available
Upper flammable / Explosive limit	Data not available
Vapour pressure	Data not available
Vapour density	Data not available
Relative density	1.440g/cm ³
Solubility	Soluble dans l'eau à env. 143g/L. Insoluble dans l'alcool.
Partition coefficient water/n-octanol	Data not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Data not available
Decomposition temperature	Data not available
Viscosity	Data not available

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	May react violently with incompatible substances. Basic product, reacts violently with strong acids.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions. Hygroscopic.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	May react violently with incompatible substances.
Conditions of instability (Including sensitivity to shock / static discharge / vibration)	Avoid contact with incompatible materials and extreme temperatures.
Incompatible material	Strong oxidizers. Acids. Fluorine. Aluminum. Phosphorus pentachloride. Lithium. Chlorinated solvents. 2,4 dinitrotoluene. Calcium. Alkaline earth. Organic nitro compounds.
Hazardous decomposition products	Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. Toxic vapors of carbon monoxide and dioxide Sodium oxides.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SODIUM CARBONATE (DECAHYDRATE)

Routes of exposure	Ingestion and inhalation.
Acute exposition effects / symptoms:	By exposure route below.
- Eyes	Irritation and tearing.
- Skin	Irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may cause an allergic reaction characterized mainly by erythematous lesions.
- Inhalation	Irritation of the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Nervous disorders, respiratory allergy, cough, dyspnea, headache, dizziness, watery eyes, nausea and vomiting.
Acute toxicity (Ingestion)	Irritation of the mucous membranes. Gastrointestinal disorders, cramps, diarrhea, headache, dizziness, convulsions, nausea and vomiting.
Chronic exposure effects / symptoms	Burning sensation, dermatitis, nervous disorders, respiratory and skin allergies, pain in the chest, cough, dyspnea, headache, vertigo, tearing, confusion, irritability, erythema, fatigue, nausea and vomiting.
DL50 (specify species and route of entry)	Data based on the anhydrous product: LD50 Oral - Rat - 2,800 mg/kg. LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 2000 mg/kg
CL50 (specify species and route of entry)	LC50 - Inhalation - Rat 2.3 mg/l - 2 h Data based on the anhydrous product:

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	Sodium carbonate: Toxicity to fish: CL50 - Lepomis macrochirus - 300 mg/l - 96 h Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: Static test EC50 - Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea) - 220 - 227 mg/l - 48 h.
Persistence and degradability	Persistence is unlikely based on information available.
Bioaccumulative potential	Data not available.
Mobility in soil	Probable mobility due to its solubility in water.
Other adverse effects	Data not available.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

	Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulations / or contact a specialist waste disposal company.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number	N/R
UN Proper shipping name	
Transport hazard class(es)	
Packing group	
Limited quantity index	
ERAP Index	
Special precautions	

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHIMS CANADA

Serious eye damage/ Eye irritation category 2A

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Laboratoire MAT Inc. shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

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